

Rio+20 – ein bodenloses Ergebnis?

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Rio+20

Konferenz der Vereinten Nationen über nachhaltige Entwicklung

- Green Economy
- UN-Reform (Institutioneller Rahmen)
- Nachhaltigkeitsziele / Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Die Nachhaltigkeitsziele (SDGs):

- Zentraler Beschluss von Rio+20
- Noch keine Themenbereiche
- SDGs should be:
 - action-oriented,
 - concise and
 - easy to communicate,
 - limited in number,
 - aspirational,
 - global in nature and universally applicable to all countries while taking into account different national realities, capacities and levels of development and respecting national policies and priorities.

Bodenthema in Rio:

Wir wollten erreichen:

- Wahrnehmung steigern
- koordinierten, übergreifenden Ansatz
- Zustandsbericht und Zielsetzung

COMMON STATEMENT

September 2011

Protecting Soils for our Common Future
A call for action

Participants of an international meeting at the German Federal Environment Agency, Berlin in September 2011:

Noting that soils are the basis for life on earth, and that food, feed, fibre and bioenergy production as well as the entire terrestrial biodiversity directly depend on them,

Further noting that soils are inter alia the medium of plant growth, sources of terrestrial net primary production, reservoirs of gene pools, moderators of climate, sinks of atmospheric carbon, reservoirs of plant nutrients and cycling, and providers of clean water,

Taking into account that soils have been taken for granted for too long, and that over the last few decades they have been further degraded and desertified by misuse and mismanagement, thereby jeopardizing this essential finite natural resource and its ecosystem services,

Recognizing that inter alia Millennium Development Goal number one, to eradicate extreme poverty and hunger, Millennium Development Goal number seven to ensure environmental sustainability, the global environmental targets to combat climate change and to stem the loss of biodiversity will not be reached, unless there is a fundamental change to the unsustainable use and management of soils around the globe,

Acknowledging that although soil degradation in many regions of the world is obvious, there is still a significant lack of scientific knowledge, about its extent, regional distribution and trends,

In the light of the resolution adopted by the European Parliament on 29 September 2011 on developing a common EU position ahead of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20) and noting in particular clause 52, that the European Parliament...: "Re-grets the slow progress of negotiations and commitments in the context of the UN Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD); considers that soil is a scarce resource and that land degradation and land use change require a global response; calls for concrete action, efficient measures and monitoring, especially as regards the production of biofuels";

Recognizing the fundamental role of fertile soil for sustainable development and a green economy,

Urges the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio +20 Conference) in 2012:

1. To recognize that a coordinated global science and policy and legal approach is therefore required to ensure that soils are used, managed and restored according to principles of ecosystem resilience;

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Rio+20 Abschlussdokument – was steht drin?

- We recognize the economic and social significance of good land management, including soil, particularly its contribution to:
 - economic growth,
 - biodiversity,
 - sustainable agriculture and
 - food security,
 - eradicating poverty,
 - women's empowerment,
 - addressing climate change and
 - improving water availability.

**Anerkennung der
Bedeutung der
Böden in ihrer
Multifunktionalität**

Rio+20 Abschlussdokument – was steht drin?

- We stress that desertification, land degradation, and drought are challenges of a global dimension and continue to pose serious challenges to the sustainable development of all countries...

**Anerkennung des
globalen Charakters**

Rio+20 Abschlussdokument – was steht drin?

- We recognize the need for urgent action to reverse land degradation. In view of this we will strive to achieve a land degradation neutral world in the context of sustainable development.

**Hinweis auf ein bodenbezogenes SDG,
wenn auch schwache Formulierung und
ohne zeitlichen Horizont.**

Böden in Rio:

Wir wollten erreichen:

- Wahrnehmung steigern ✓
- koordinierten, übergreifenden Ansatz ~
- Zustandsbericht und Zielsetzung ~

Wird ein bodenbezogenes SDG verabschiedet?

COMMON STATEMENT

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Recognizing the fundamental role of fertile soil for sustainable development and a green economy,

Under the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio +20 Conference) in 2012,

1. To recognize that a coordinated global science and policy and legal approach is there-fore needed to ensure that soils are used, managed and restored according to prin-



Rio+20: Erarbeitung eines Boden-SDGs

Wie geht es weiter mit den SDGs?

- Offene Arbeitsgruppe
- Themenvorschläge bis Herbst 2013

Rio+20: Erarbeitung eines Boden-SDGs

Was ist zu tun?

- Politische Überzeugungsarbeit:
 - Bodenbezogenes SDG
 - Plan B: Bodenbezogenes Target unter übergreifenden SDG
 - Nachhaltige Landwirtschaft
 - Ernährungssicherung
 - Natürliche Ressourcen

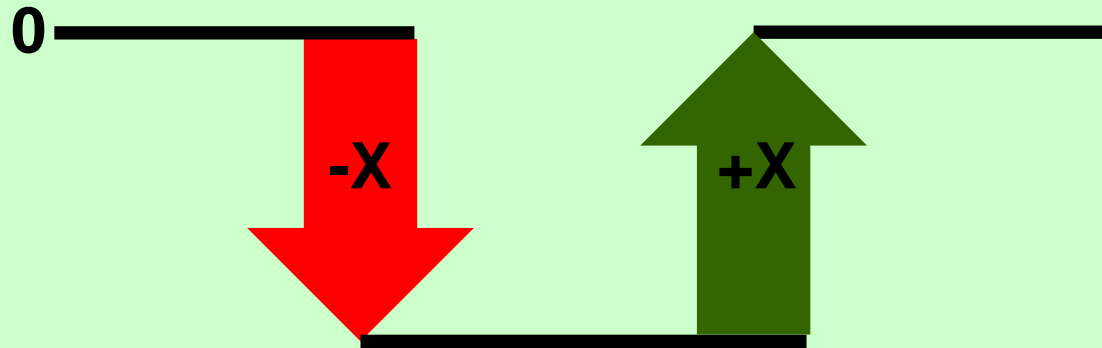
Sie können sich einbringen – EU Konsultationen:

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/consultations/rio20_en.htm

- Fachliche Ausformulierung

SDG: Zero net land degradation

Was bedeutet Zero net land degradation?



SDG: Zero net land degradation

Was bedeutet Zero net land degradation?

Definition?

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Bilanzierung?

- Zeitraum
- Referenz
- Ebene

Monitoring?

- Indikatoren
 - quantitativ
 - qualitativ

Implementierung?

- Anreize
- institutionelle Strukturen

Herzlichen Dank für Ihre Aufmerksamkeit!

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